UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): June 5, 2017

CALADRIUS BIOSCIENCES, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Charter)

Delaware (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation) 001-33650 (Commission File Number) 22-2343568 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

106 Allen Road, 4th Floor, Basking Ridge, NJ 07920 (Address of Principal Executive Offices)(Zip Code)

(908) 842-0100 Registrant's Telephone Number

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- o Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- o Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

- o Emerging growth company
- If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Item 7.01. Regulation FD Disclosure.

A copy of a slide presentation that Caladrius Biosciences, Inc. (the "Company") will use at investor and industry conferences and presentations is attached to this Current Report as Exhibit 99.1 and is incorporated herein solely for purposes of this Item 7.01 disclosure. The information in this Item 7.01, including Exhibit 99.1 attached hereto, is being furnished and shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of such section. The information in this Item 7.01, including Exhibit 99.1 attached hereto, shall not be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended or the Exchange Act, regardless of any incorporation by reference language in any such filing. This Item 7.01 will not be deemed an admission as to the materiality of any information in this Item 7.01 that is required to be disclosed solely by Regulation FD.

Item 9.01. Financial Statement and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

Exhibit No.

99.1

Caladrius Biosciences, Inc. Corporate Presentation, June 2017

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

CALADRIUS BIOSCIENCES, INC.

By: /s/ David J. Mazzo

Name: David J. Mazzo, PhD Title: Chief Executive Officer

Dated: June 5, 2017



Corporate Presentation

David J. Mazzo, PhD Chief Executive Officer

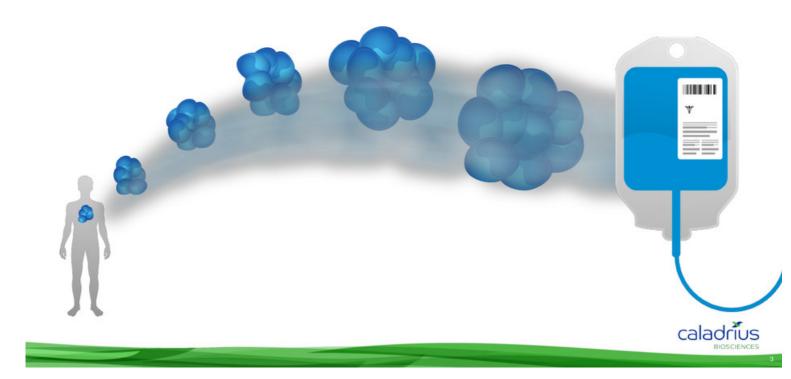
June 2017 | NASDAQ: CLBS

Safe Harbor for forward-looking statements advisory

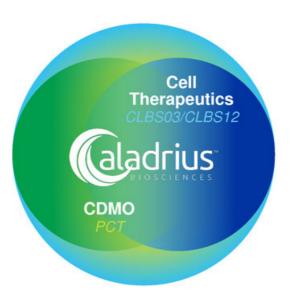
This Investor Presentation contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements reflect management's current expectations, as of the date of this presentation, and involve certain risks and uncertainties. All statements other than statements of historical fact contained in this Investor Presentation are forward-looking statements. The Company's actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of various factors. Factors that could cause future results to differ materially from the recent results or those projected in forward-looking statements include the "Risk Factors" described in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on March 17, 2017, and in the Company's other periodic filings with the SEC. The Company's further development is highly dependent on, among other things, future medical and research developments and market acceptance, which are outside of its control. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this Investor Presentation, Caladrius does not intend, and disclaims any obligation. to update or revise any forward-looking information contained in this Investor Presentation or with respect to the matters described herein.



Caladrius transforms cells into therapies

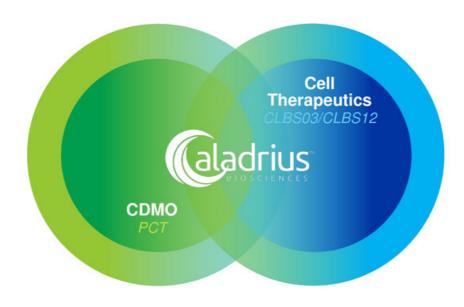


Caladrius historical hybrid business model



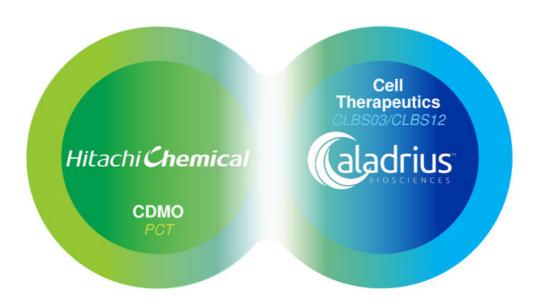


Caladrius recent business model evolution





Caladrius recent business model evolution





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Caladrius business model evolution – two healthy companies emerge





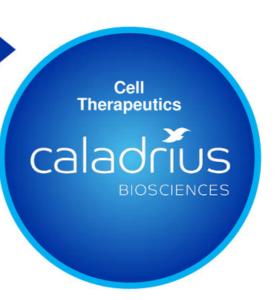
Caladrius unlocks PCT value and preserves intimate working relationship



Capital for Growth

Preserved Development & Manufacturing Relationship

Discounted fees for Treg cell platform contracts





Caladrius Biosciences: Focused, funded and poised for growth

- Pure-play clinical stage therapeutics development company
- Two technology platforms on which to build
 - T regulatory cells for immune modulation
 - CD34+ cells for ischemic repair
- Well-funded with cash of ~\$70 million
- Debt-free
- On-going landmark phase 2 study of CLBS03 in recent onset type 1 diabetes
 - Strategic relationship with Sanford Research (CLBS retains all product rights)
 - ~\$12.2 million California Institute for Regenerative Medicine (C.I.R.M.) grant awarded
 - ~\$600,000 Juvenile Diabetes Research Foundation (JDRF) grant to Benaroya as direct CLBS03 study subsidy
- Phase 2 protocol in Critical Limb Ischemia for CLBS12 ready to initiate in Japan
 - Positive results should qualify product for early conditional approval in Japan



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Immune Modulation Autologous, polyclonal T regulatory cells



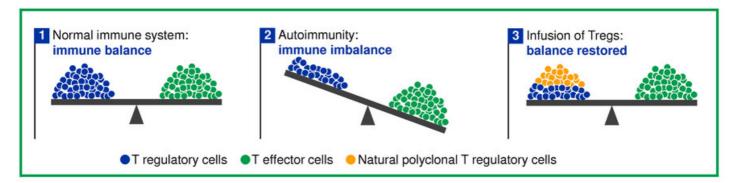
T regulatory cell technology platform built on a strong foundation

- T cell technology licensed from University of California at San Francisco
 (Prof. Jeffrey Bluestone pioneer in T cell biology, et al) and the Centenary Institute
- Autologous, ex-vivo expanded and activated, polyclonal T regulatory cells
- Exclusive rights to an international portfolio of issued and pending patents
- Well-characterized and optimized proprietary manufacturing process
 - Discounted development and manufacturing services rates from PCT for seven years



Restoring immune balance and function

- Deficiency in number or function of Tregs vs. T effector cells manifests as autoimmune disease
- Augmentation of number/potency of Tregs is intended to restore the immune system to its "native" state and reduce/eliminate autoimmune disease symptoms





Polyclonal T regulatory cell therapy is potentially applicable across multiple autoimmune, alloimmune and allergic diseases, many qualifying as orphan

Combined markets represent a multi-billion dollar opportunity:

















	Recent-Onset Type 1 Diabetes	Neuromyelitis Optica (NMO)		Cutaneous Lupus	Graft-versus- host Disease (GVHD)	Kidney Transplant	Scleroderma	SLE - Lupus
Global Patients ¹	86,000²	13,930	254,869	1,993,080	12,529	3,123	165,537	553,968
Clinical Study Endpoints	C-peptide, insulin use	EDSS, visual acuity	Response rates	CLASI, Skindex-29	GHVD-free survival	Failure rates	mRSS, CRISS, sHAQ	BILAG, SELENA- SLEDAI
Biomarkers	C-peptide, others	NMO-lgG antibody	N/A	Cell type analysis	N/A	Renal function	Cytokines, B cells	B cell counts

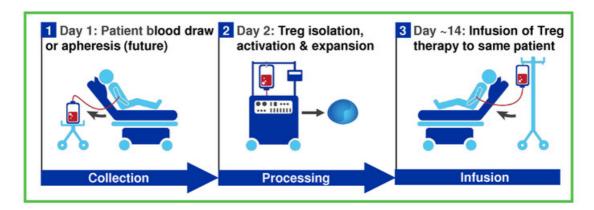
Additional potential indications:

Lupus Nephritis • Steroid resistant asthma • Rheumatoid arthritis • Multiple sclerosis • Bullous pemphigoid • Crohn's Disease

- Global Patient numbers include total patients from US, EU and Japan only.
 Annual incidence of type 1 diabetes for patients <15 years old. IDF Diabetes Atlas, 7th Edition.



Manufacturing process is scalable and economically viable



- Simple and efficient clinical manufacturing process:
 - Simple, minimally intrusive cell collection process (whole blood or, eventually, apheresis)
 - Reliable and well-characterized cGMP process
 - Extremely high Phase 2 manufacturing success rate to date
 - Introduction of apheresis and cryopreservation step(s) are expected to be likely



CLBS03: Recent onset type 1 diabetes program overview

Ongoing landmark Phase 2 clinical study in T1D (T-Rex trial)

- C.I.R.M. grant for up to \$12.2 million based on specified milestone achievement
- JDRF grant to Benaroya Research Institute to conduct extensive immune profile (study cost offset)
- DSMB satisfactory assessment of safety of initial cohort achieved ahead of schedule
- Final cohort enrollment underway

Strategic collaboration with Sanford Research

- \$5 million equity investment
- Providing operating support for trial and clinical sites

International regulatory recognition

- FDA Fast Track designation First time granted to a T1D program
- FDA Orphan designation
- EU ATMP (Advanced Therapeutic Medicinal Product) classification



An attractive medical and commercial opportunity for T1D

- Each year >18,000 newly diagnosed patients under 20 years of age in US1; 3% CAGR worldwide²
- · No curative treatments, only lifelong insulin therapy (often with serious comorbidities)
- Preserving remaining beta cell function in recent onset patients is expected to slow/stop disease progression and lead to long-term medical and pharmaco-economic benefits³
- National Diabetes Statistic Report, 2014 Maahs DM, et al. Endocrinol Metab Clin North Am. 2010
- Nathan DM, et al. Arch Intern Med. 2009



CLBS03 occupies a unique position in the type 1 diabetes treatment paradigm







	Chronic blood glucose management	Disease Modification (CLBS03)	Function regeneration		
Approach	Symptom management	Reduce or eliminate disease progression; potentially "curative"	Replace depleted cells/organs producing insulin; potentially "curative"		
Insulin Impact	Improve therapeutic effect and/or efficiency of delivery of insulin/analogs	Avoid or reduce need for insulin by preserving active beta cells	Avoid or reduce need for externally-sourced insulin by providing new beta cells		
Availability	Currently available with more in development	Currently in Phase 2 trial	Many years of development remaining		



Well tolerated^{1,2}, durable¹ and preserving of beta cell function in children²

	US Study ¹	EU Study ²		
Dose	4-dose escalation cohorts (0.05 x 108 to 26 x 108 cells)	1 infusion (10 or 20 million cells/kg) or 2 infusions (30 million cells/kg total)		
Patients	14 adult patients with established T1D	22 patients aged 5-18 with T1D		
Results	Demonstrated safety/tolerance No cytokine release, infectious complications or infusion reactions observed >500 fold dose range tested	At 12 months: • 6 treated patients achieved remission ³ • 2 treated patients achieved insulin independence		
	Established manufacturing feasibility Can produce expanded Treg cell population with enhanced functionality	Fasting C-peptide levels stabilized Treatment, n=12 0.8 0.8 0.8		
	 Implied durability of effect Infused Tregs were stable and detectable in peripheral circulation for 1 year 	Treatment, n=12 0.8 0.6 0.6 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0		

- Bluestone, et al. Science Translational Medicine 2015
 Marek-Trzonkowska, N et al. Clinical Immunology 2014
 Remission Definition: Daily dose of insulin ≤ 0.5 UI/kg body weight & fasting c-peptide > 0.5 ng/ml at 12 months after recruitment



T-Rex Study:

Phase 2 trial in adolescents with T1D initiated in March 2016

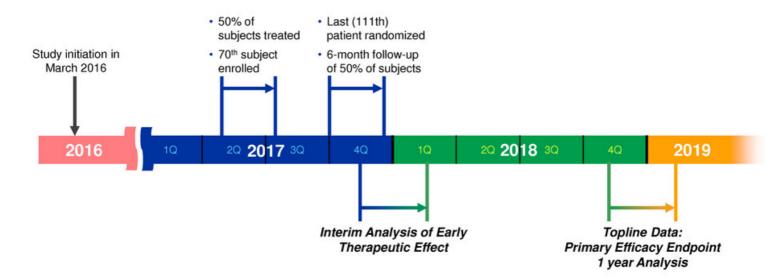
Pouble-blind, placebo-controlled, randomized (1:1:1) trial Adolescent patients ages 8 to <18 with recent-onset (diagnosed within last 100 days) T1D		
Standard Endpoints • Preservation of C-peptide level, insulin use, severe hypoglycemic episodes, glucose and hemoglobin A1c levels		
Study Size	111 patients enrolled across ~12 study sites in the USA	
Power	80% power to detect a 0.2 pmol/mL difference in AUC mean C-peptide between active and placebo	
Study Execution	Strategic collaboration with Sanford Research providing operational resources and capital	
Treatment	Single infusion of CLBS03 (dose cohorts of 2.5 or 20 million cells/kg) or placebo infusion (control)	

For more details: NCT02691247 at www.clinicaltrials.gov



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Timeline including near-term milestones





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CD34 cell therapy is supported by a profound body of clinical evidence

CD34 cells have been investigated in clinical studies encompassing >700 patients

- Pre-clinical studies document improved microcirculation¹
- Phase 2 clinical studies consistently show benefits in safety and function
 - Reduced amputation in critical limb ischemia²
 - Improved function in claudication³
 - o Reduced angina and improved ETT in refractory angina4
 - Improved mortality and LVEF in dilated cardiomyopathy⁵

Opportunities exist across multiple underserved cardiovascular indications

- Critical limb ischemia (CLI) in Japan
- Coronary microvascular dysfunction (CMD)
- Refractory angina
- Kalka et al. PNAS. 2000; Schatteman et al. J Clin Invest 2000.; Madeddu et al. FASEB. 2004.
- Losordo et al. Circ Cardiovasc Interv 2012.
- From US study (n=17); Not yet published Losordo et al. Circ Res 2011.; Povsic et al. JACC Cardiovasc Interv. 2016.
- Vrtovec et al. Circ Res 2013.



Designed to leverage new regulatory path to early conditional approval

Phase 2 protocol and CMC strategy completed in consultation with Japanese PMDA

Danism	Prospective, open label, controlled, randomized trial
Design	Patients with no-option CLI
Advantageous Primary Endpoint	Time to continuous CLI-free status (defined as 2 consecutive monthly visits)
Study Size	35 patients enrolled across multiple centers in Japan
Treatment	 Up to 10⁶ autologous G-CSF-mobilized peripheral blood-derived CD34+ cells/kg per affected limb
Control/ comparator	 SOC pharmacotherapy with drugs approved in Japan (e.g. antiplatelets, anticoagulants and vasodilators) The choice of pharmacotherapy will be made by the investigators
Mode of administration	Intramuscular, 20 injections in affected lower limb in single administration
Timing	• First-patient-in targeted for 4Q17/1Q18 with preliminary data expected within 6 months of initiation

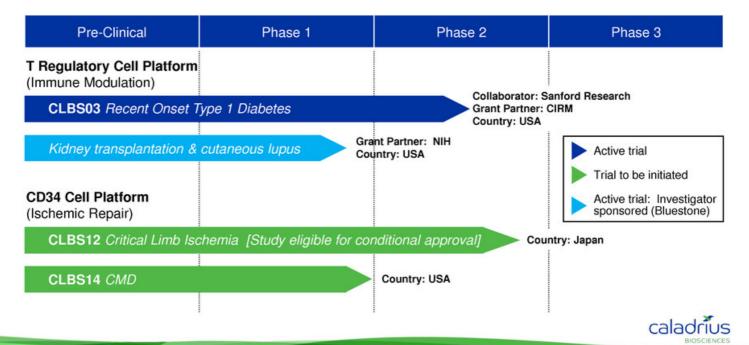


Grant opportunity in additional cardiovascular indication

Indication	Coronary Microvascular Dysfunction		
Grantor	NIH Small Business Innovation Research		
Decision Expected	Mid-2017		
Total Award Sought	\$1.9 million		
Trial Phase	Early Phase 2		
Number of Subjects	20		
Study Initiation	Within 5 months of award date		
Timing of Results	2018		



Multi-Product Pipeline Based on Proprietary Technology Platforms



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Experienced executive team with broad domain-specific expertise

David J. Mazzo, PhD Chief Executive Officer	30+ years of experience in all aspects of large pharma (RPR, HMR, Schering- Plough) and emerging biopharma (Chugai USA, Regado) company operations, successful international drug development across all therapeutic areas and international capital raising and business transactions
Joseph Talamo, CPA, MBA Senior VP and Chief Financial Officer	Versatile finance executive with leadership experience in publicly traded development and commercial-stage companies (OSI Pharmaceuticals, Bristol-Myers Squibb); 25+ years of experience (KPMG)
Douglas W. Losordo, MD Senior VP and Chief Medical Officer	Leader in cell therapy research and development; renowned clinician with noteworthy academic (Tufts, Northwestern, NYU) and industry (Baxter) credentials; 25+ years of experience
Todd Girolamo, JD, MBA Senior VP, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary	Seasoned attorney with 25+ years of legal (Cahill, Gordon & Reindel; Reid & Priest), finance and biotechnology industry experience (Oppenheimer, CIBC, Leerink Swann)
Raj Prabhakar, MBA Senior VP, Business Development	20+ years experience, 16+ in biopharma sector. Previously at Celsion, PATH Global Vaccines, Osiris. Extensive transaction experience in oncology and Asia-Pacific.



Caladrius established a:

Track record of achievement based on execution of the 2016 strategic plan

2016 Goals	Results in 2016
Grow and expand the PCT business on all fronts	 57% annual revenue growth to annual revenue of \$35.3 million Initiated global collaboration and license agreement with Hitachi Chemical Began 5-year agreement with Adaptimmune for late-stage clinical supply
Advance CLBS03	 Initiated Phase 2 T-Rex trial in T1D 1Q 2016 Completed enrollment of first cohort of 19 patients in 3Q 2016 Procured financial and clinical support from Sanford Research
Execute with financial discipline	 Reduced R&D (37%) and SG&A (32%) expenses significantly from 2015 levels
Monetize non-core assets	Out-licensed certain oncology and dermatology product candidates



Select Caladrius financial information

2017 Capital Catalysts and Impact					
March 31, 2017 Financial Information	Hitachi Acquisition of 80.1% of PCT from CLBS for \$75m Cash (closed on May 18, 2017)	CIRM CLBS03 Grant Award	Sept. 2016 PIPE – Second Tranche		
Cash: \$12.0m	\$75m Transaction • \$5m received as advance payment in 1Q17 • \$65m received on closing • \$5m deposited in escrow (release expected May 2018, subject to indemnification claims, if any)	Total of up to \$12.2m with initial payment of ~\$5.7m received in May 2017	\$2.4m triggered by 70 th patient enrolled in T- Rex Study (expected mid- 2017)		
Long-term debt: \$4.9m	 Eliminated on May 18, 2017 commensurate with closing of Hitachi Transaction 				

Cash available (~\$70 million) as of June 2017 expected to fund the company's current business plan well beyond 2018



Caladrius offers multiple potential near-term value creating milestones

		Expected Timeframe
	DSMB safety assessment on 1 st patient cohort	Completed 2016
	 Initiation of enrollment of 2nd patient cohort 	Completed 2016
	50% of patients treated: starts clock to 6-mos. follow-up interim analysis	Mid-2017
CLBS03	70 th patient enrolled: triggers capital infusion	Mid-2017
	 Interim analysis assessing early therapeutic effect: 6 months post treatment of 50% patients 	Late 2017/Early 2018
	Analysis of 12 month data (primary efficacy endpoint); Go/No Go to Phase 3	Late 2018/Early 2019
	2-year follow-up complete	Late 2019
Other	Initiate 35 patient Phase 2 trial in Japan for critical limb ischemia	4Q17/1Q18
	Begin patient enrollment in 20 patient Phase 2 trial for coronary microvascular dysfunction based on NIH SBIR grant	2H2017
Technologies	Additional grant funding opportunities: CD34 program, multiple clinical indications	2017
	Licensing opportunity possibilities (e.g., CLI in Japan)	2017
Financing	Closing of Hitachi Chemical purchase of PCT from Caladrius for \$75 million plus milestone	Completed May 2017





NASDAQ: CLBS

Investor Relations Contact

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Phone: 212.838.3777 Email: afields@lhai.com Web: www.caladrius.com

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